



Auditing and Assurance Standards Council

Philippine Standard on Auditing 805 (Revised and Redrafted)

**SPECIAL CONSIDERATIONS—AUDITS OF SINGLE
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SPECIFIC
ELEMENTS, ACCOUNTS OR ITEMS
OF A FINANCIAL STATEMENT**

**PHILIPPINE STANDARD ON AUDITING 805
(REVISED AND REDRAFTED)**

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STATEMENTS AND SPECIFIC ELEMENTS, ACCOUNTS OR ITEMS
OF A FINANCIAL STATEMENT**

(Effective for audits for periods beginning on or after December 15, 2009)

CONTENTS

	Paragraph
Introduction	
Scope of this PSA.....	1-3
Effective Date.....	4
Objective	5
Definitions	6
Requirements	
Considerations When Accepting the Engagement.....	7-9
Considerations When Planning and Performing the Audit.....	10
Forming an Opinion and Reporting Considerations.....	11-17
Application and Other Explanatory Material	
Scope of this PSA.....	A1-A4
Considerations When Accepting the Engagement.....	A5-A9
Considerations When Planning and Performing the Audit.....	A10-A14
Forming an Opinion and Reporting Considerations.....	A15-A18
Acknowledgment	
Appendix 1: Examples of Specific Elements, Accounts or Items of a Financial Statement	
Appendix 2: Illustrations of Auditors’ Reports on a Single Financial Statement and on a Specific Element of a Financial Statement	

Philippine Standard on Auditing (PSA) 805 (Revised and Redrafted), “Special Considerations—Audits of Single Financial Statements and Specific Elements, Accounts or Items of a Financial Statement” should be read in conjunction with PSA 200 (Revised and Redrafted), “Overall Objectives of the Independent Auditor and the Conduct of an Audit in Accordance with Philippine Standards on Auditing.”

Introduction

Scope of this PSA

1. The Philippine Standards on Auditing (PSAs) in the 100-700 series apply to an audit of financial statements and are to be adapted as necessary in the circumstances when applied to audits of other historical financial information. This PSA deals with special considerations in the application of those PSAs to an audit of a single financial statement or of a specific element, account or item of a financial statement. The single financial statement or the specific element, account or item of a financial statement may be prepared in accordance with a general or special purpose framework. If prepared in accordance with a special purpose framework, PSA 800 (Revised and Redrafted)¹ also applies to the audit. (Ref: Para. A1-A4)
2. This PSA does not apply to the report of a component auditor, issued as a result of work performed on the financial information of a component at the request of a group engagement team for purposes of an audit of group financial statements (see PSA 600 (Revised and Redrafted)²).
3. This PSA does not override the requirements of the other PSAs; nor does it purport to deal with all special considerations that may be relevant in the circumstances of the engagement.

Effective Date

4. This PSA is effective for audits of single financial statements or of specific elements, accounts or items for periods beginning on or after December 15, 2009. In the case of audits of single financial statements or of specific elements, accounts or items of a financial statement prepared as at a specific date, this PSA is effective for audits of such information prepared as at a date on or after December 14, 2010.

Objective

5. The objective of the auditor, when applying PSAs in an audit of a single financial statement or of a specific element, account or item of a financial statement, is to address appropriately the special considerations that are relevant to:
 - (a) The acceptance of the engagement;
 - (b) The planning and performance of that engagement; and

¹ PSA 800 (Revised and Redrafted), “Special Considerations – Audits of Financial Statements Prepared in Accordance with Special Purpose Frameworks.”

² PSA 600 (Revised and Redrafted), “Special Considerations – Audits of Group Financial Statements (Including the Work of Component Auditors).”

- (c) Forming an opinion and reporting on the single financial statement or on the specific element, account or item of a financial statement.

Definitions

- 6. For purposes of this PSA, reference to:
 - (a) “Element of a financial statement” or “element” means an “element, account or item of a financial statement;”
 - (b) “Philippine Financial Reporting Standards” means the Philippine Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Philippine Financial Reporting Standards Council; and
 - (c) A single financial statement or to a specific element of a financial statement includes the related notes. The related notes ordinarily comprise a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information relevant to the financial statement or to the element.

Requirements

Considerations When Accepting the Engagement

Application of PSAs

- 7. PSA 200 (Revised and Redrafted) requires the auditor to comply with all PSAs relevant to the audit.³ In the case of an audit of a single financial statement or of a specific element of a financial statement, this requirement applies irrespective of whether the auditor is also engaged to audit the entity’s complete set of financial statements. If the auditor is not also engaged to audit the entity’s complete set of financial statements, the auditor shall determine whether the audit of a single financial statement or of a specific element of those financial statements in accordance with PSAs is practicable. (Ref: Para. A5-A6)

Acceptability of the Financial Reporting Framework

- 8. PSA 210 (Redrafted) requires the auditor to determine the acceptability of the financial reporting framework applied in the preparation of the financial statements.⁴ In the case of an audit of a single financial statement or of a specific element of a financial statement, this shall include whether application of the financial reporting framework will result in a presentation that provides adequate disclosures to enable the intended users to understand the information conveyed in

³ PSA 200 (Revised and Redrafted), “Overall Objectives of the Independent Auditor and the Conduct of an Audit in Accordance with Philippine Standards on Auditing,” paragraph 18.

⁴ [PSA 210 (Redrafted), “Agreeing the Terms of Audit Engagements,” paragraph [to be inserted].]

the financial statement or the element, and the effect of material transactions and events on the information conveyed in the financial statement or the element.
(Ref: Para. A7)

Form of Opinion

9. PSA 210 (Redrafted) requires that the agreed terms of the audit engagement include the expected form of any reports to be issued by the auditor.⁵ In the case of an audit of a single financial statement or of a specific element of a financial statement, the auditor shall consider whether the expected form of opinion is appropriate in the circumstances. (Ref: Para. A8-A9)

Considerations When Planning and Performing the Audit

10. PSA 200 (Revised and Redrafted) states that PSAs are written in the context of an audit of financial statements; they are to be adapted as necessary in the circumstances when applied to audits of other historical financial information.^{6,7} In planning and performing the audit of a single financial statement or of a specific element of a financial statement, the auditor shall adapt all PSAs relevant to the audit as necessary in the circumstances of the engagement. (Ref: Para. A10-A14)

Forming an Opinion and Reporting Considerations

11. When forming an opinion and reporting on a single financial statement or on a specific element of a financial statement, the auditor shall apply the requirements in PSA 700 (Redrafted),⁸ adapted as necessary in the circumstances of the engagement. (Ref: Para. A15A16)

Reporting on the Entity's Complete Set of Financial Statements and on a Single Financial Statement or on a Specific Element of Those Financial Statements

12. If the auditor undertakes an engagement to report on a single financial statement or on a specific element of a financial statement in conjunction with an engagement to audit the entity's complete set of financial statements, the auditor shall express a separate opinion for each engagement.
13. An audited single financial statement or an audited specific element of a financial statement may be published together with the entity's audited complete set of financial statements. If the auditor concludes that the presentation of the single financial statement or of the specific element of a financial statement does not

⁵ [PSA 210 (Redrafted), paragraph [to be inserted].]

⁶ PSA 200 (Revised and Redrafted), paragraph 2.

⁷ PSA 200 (Revised and Redrafted), paragraph 13(f), explains that the term "financial statements" ordinarily refers to a complete set of financial statements as determined by the requirements of the applicable financial reporting framework.

⁸ PSA 700 (Redrafted), "Forming an Opinion and Reporting on Financial Statements."

differentiate it sufficiently from the complete set of financial statements, the auditor shall ask management to rectify the situation. Subject to paragraphs 15 and 16, the auditor shall also differentiate the opinion on the single financial statement or on the specific element of a financial statement from the opinion on the complete set of financial statements. The auditor shall not issue the auditor's report containing the opinion on the single financial statement or on the specific element of a financial statement until satisfied with the differentiation.

Modified Opinion, Emphasis of Matter Paragraph or Other Matter Paragraph in the Auditor's Report on the Entity's Complete Set of Financial Statements

14. If the opinion in the auditor's report on an entity's complete set of financial statements is modified, or that report includes an Emphasis of Matter paragraph or an Other Matter paragraph, the auditor shall determine the effect that this may have on the auditor's report on a single financial statement or on a specific element of those financial statements. When deemed appropriate, the auditor shall modify the opinion on the single financial statement or on the specific element of a financial statement, or include an Emphasis of Matter paragraph or an Other Matter paragraph in the auditor's report, accordingly. (Ref: Para. A17)
15. If the auditor concludes that it is necessary to express an adverse opinion or disclaim an opinion on the entity's complete set of financial statements as a whole, PSA 705 (Revised and Redrafted) does not permit the auditor to include in the same auditor's report an unmodified opinion on a single financial statement that forms part of those financial statements or on a specific element that forms part of those financial statements.⁹ This is because such an unmodified opinion would contradict the adverse opinion or disclaimer of opinion on the entity's complete set of financial statements as a whole. (Ref: Para. A18)
16. If the auditor concludes that it is necessary to express an adverse opinion or disclaim an opinion on the entity's complete set of financial statements as a whole but, in the context of a separate audit of a specific element that is included in those financial statements, the auditor nevertheless considers it appropriate to express an unmodified opinion on that element, the auditor shall only do so if:
 - (a) The auditor is not prohibited by law or regulation from doing so;
 - (b) That opinion is expressed in an auditor's report that is not published together with the auditor's report containing the adverse opinion or disclaimer of opinion; and
 - (c) The specific element does not constitute a major portion of the entity's complete set of financial statements.
17. The auditor shall not express an unmodified opinion on a single financial statement of a complete set of financial statements if the auditor has expressed an

⁹ PSA 705 (Revised and Redrafted), "Modification to the Opinion in the Independent Auditor's Report," paragraph 15.

adverse opinion or disclaimed an opinion on the complete set of financial statements as a whole. This is the case even if the auditor's report on the single financial statement is not published together with the auditor's report containing the adverse opinion or disclaimer of opinion. This is because a single financial statement is deemed to constitute a major portion of those financial statements.

Application and Other Explanatory Material

Scope of this PSA (Ref: Para. 1)

- A1. PSA 200 (Revised and Redrafted) defines the term "historical financial information" as information expressed in financial terms in relation to a particular entity, derived primarily from that entity's accounting system, about economic events occurring in past time periods or about economic conditions or circumstances at points in time in the past.¹⁰
- A2. PSA 200 (Revised and Redrafted) defines the term "financial statements" as a structured representation of historical financial information, including related notes, intended to communicate an entity's economic resources or obligations at a point in time or the changes therein for a period of time in accordance with a financial reporting framework. The term ordinarily refers to a complete set of financial statements as determined by the requirements of the applicable financial reporting framework.¹¹
- A3. PSAs are written in the context of an audit of financial statements;¹² they are to be adapted as necessary in the circumstances when applied to an audit of other historical financial information, such as a single financial statement or a specific element of a financial statement. This PSA assists in this regard. (Appendix 1 lists examples of such other historical financial information.)
- A4. A reasonable assurance engagement other than an audit of historical financial information is performed in accordance with Philippine Standard on Assurance Engagements (PSAE) 3000.¹³

¹⁰ PSA 200 (Revised and Redrafted), paragraph 13(g).

¹¹ PSA 200 ((Revised and Redrafted), paragraph 13(f).

¹² PSA 200 (Revised and Redrafted), paragraph 2.

¹³ PSAE 3000, "Assurance Engagements Other than Audits or Reviews of Historical Financial Information."

Considerations When Accepting the Engagement

Application of PSAs (Ref: Para. 7)

- A5. PSA 200 (Revised and Redrafted) requires the auditor to comply with (a) relevant ethical requirements, including those pertaining to independence, relating to financial statement audit engagements, and (b) all PSAs relevant to the audit. It also requires the auditor to comply with each requirement of a PSA unless, in the circumstances of the audit, the entire PSA is not relevant or the requirement is not relevant because it is conditional and the condition does not exist. In exceptional circumstances, the auditor may judge it necessary to depart from a relevant requirement in a PSA by performing alternative audit procedures to achieve the aim of that requirement.¹⁴
- A6. Compliance with the requirements of PSAs relevant to the audit of a single financial statement or of a specific element of a financial statement may not be practicable when the auditor is not also engaged to audit the entity's complete set of financial statements. In such cases, the auditor often does not have the same understanding of the entity and its environment, including its internal control, as an auditor who also audits the entity's complete set of financial statements. The auditor also does not have the audit evidence about the general quality of the accounting records or other accounting information that would be acquired in an audit of the entity's complete set of financial statements. Accordingly, the auditor may need further evidence to corroborate audit evidence acquired from the accounting records. In the case of an audit of a specific element of a financial statement, certain PSAs require audit work that may be disproportionate to the element being audited. For example, although the requirements of PSA 570 (Redrafted)¹⁵ are likely to be relevant in the circumstances of an audit of a schedule of accounts receivable, complying with those requirements may not be practicable because of the audit effort required. If the auditor concludes that an audit of a single financial statement or of a specific element of a financial statement in accordance with PSAs may not be practicable, the auditor may discuss with management whether another type of engagement might be more practicable.

Acceptability of the Financial Reporting Framework (Ref: Para. 8)

- A7. A single financial statement or a specific element of a financial statement may be prepared in accordance with an applicable financial reporting framework that is based on a financial reporting framework established by an authorized or recognized standards setting organization for the preparation of a complete set of financial statements (e.g., Philippine Financial Reporting Standards). If this is the case, determination of the acceptability of the applicable framework may involve considering whether that framework includes all the requirements of the framework on which it is based that are relevant to the presentation of a single

¹⁴ PSA 200 (Revised and Redrafted), paragraphs 4, 18 and 22-23.

¹⁵ PSA 570 (Redrafted), "Going Concern."

financial statement or of a specific element of a financial statement that provides adequate disclosures.

Form of Opinion (Ref: Para. 9)

- A8. The form of opinion to be expressed by the auditor depends on the applicable financial reporting framework and any applicable laws or regulations.¹⁶ In accordance with PSA 700 (Redrafted):¹⁷
- (a) When expressing an unmodified opinion on a complete set of financial statements prepared in accordance with a fair presentation framework, the auditor’s opinion, unless otherwise required by law or regulation, uses the phrase “the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, in accordance with [the applicable financial reporting framework];” and
 - (b) When expressing an unmodified opinion on a complete set of financial statements prepared in accordance with a compliance framework, the auditor’s opinion states that the financial statements are prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with [applicable financial reporting framework].
- A9. In the case of a single financial statement or of a specific element of a financial statement, the applicable financial reporting framework may not explicitly address the presentation of the financial statement or of the element. This may be the case when the applicable financial reporting framework is based on a financial reporting framework established by an authorized or recognized standards setting organization for the preparation of a complete set of financial statements (e.g., Philippine Financial Reporting Standards). The auditor therefore considers whether the expected form of opinion is appropriate in the light of the applicable financial reporting framework. Factors that may affect the auditor’s consideration as to whether to use the phrase “presents fairly, in all material respects,” in the auditor’s opinion include:
- Whether the applicable financial reporting framework is explicitly or implicitly restricted to the preparation of a complete set of financial statements.
 - Whether the single financial statement or the specific element of a financial statement will:
 - o Comply fully with each of those requirements of the framework relevant to the particular financial statement or the particular element, and the presentation of the financial statement or the element include the related notes.

¹⁶ PSA 200 (Revised and Redrafted), paragraph 8.

¹⁷ PSA 700 (Revised and Redrafted), paragraphs 35-36.

- o If necessary to achieve fair presentation, provide disclosures beyond those specifically required by the framework or, in exceptional circumstances, depart from a requirement of the framework. The auditor's decision as to the expected form of opinion is a matter of professional judgment. It may be affected by whether use of the phrase "presents fairly, in all material respects," in the auditor's opinion on a single financial statement or on a specific element of a financial statement prepared in accordance with a fair presentation framework is generally accepted in the particular jurisdiction.

Considerations When Planning and Performing the Audit (Ref: Para. 10)

- A10. The relevance of each of the PSAs requires careful consideration. Even when only a specific element of a financial statement is the subject of the audit, PSAs such as PSA 240 (Redrafted),¹⁸ PSA 550 (Revised and Redrafted)¹⁹ and PSA 570 (Redrafted) are, in principle, relevant. This is because the element could be misstated as a result of fraud, the effect of related party transactions, or the incorrect application of the going concern assumption under the applicable financial reporting framework.
- A11. Furthermore, PSAs are written in the context of an audit of financial statements; they are to be adapted as necessary in the circumstances when applied to the audit of a single financial statement or of a specific element of a financial statement.²⁰ For example, written representations from management about the complete set of financial statements would be replaced by written representations about the presentation of the financial statement or the element in accordance with the applicable financial reporting framework.
- A12. When auditing a single financial statement or a specific element of a financial statement in conjunction with the audit of the entity's complete set of financial statements, the auditor may be able to use audit evidence obtained as part of the audit of the entity's complete set of financial statements in the audit of the financial statement or the element. PSAs, however, require the auditor to plan and perform the audit of the financial statement or element to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence on which to base the opinion on the financial statement or on the element.
- A13. The individual financial statements that comprise a complete set of financial statements, and many of the elements of those financial statements, including their related notes, are interrelated. Accordingly, when auditing a single financial statement or a specific element of a financial statement, the auditor may not be able to consider the financial statement or the element in isolation. Consequently,

¹⁸ PSA 240 (Redrafted), "The Auditor's Responsibilities Relating to Fraud in an Audit of Financial Statements."

¹⁹ PSA 550 (Revised and Redrafted), "Related parties."

²⁰ PSA 200 (Revised and Redrafted), paragraph 2.

the auditor may need to perform procedures in relation to the interrelated items to meet the objective of the audit.

- A14. Furthermore, the materiality determined for a single financial statement or for a specific element of a financial statement may be lower than the materiality determined for the entity's complete set of financial statements; this will affect the nature, timing and extent of the audit procedures and the evaluation of uncorrected misstatements.

Forming an Opinion and Reporting Considerations (Ref: Para. 11, 14)

- A15. PSA 700 (Redrafted) requires the auditor, in forming an opinion, to evaluate whether the financial statements provide adequate disclosures to enable the intended users to understand the effect of material transactions and events on the information conveyed in the financial statements.²¹ In the case of a single financial statement or of a specific element of a financial statement, it is important that the financial statement or the element, including the related notes, in view of the requirements of the applicable financial reporting framework, provides adequate disclosures to enable the intended users to understand the information conveyed in the financial statement or the element, and the effect of material transactions and events on the information conveyed in the financial statement or the element.
- A16. Appendix 2 of this PSA contains illustrations of auditors' reports on a single financial statement and on a specific element of a financial statement.

Modified Opinion, Emphasis of Matter Paragraph or Other Matter Paragraph in the Auditor's Report on the Entity's Complete Set of Financial Statements (Ref: Para. 14-15)

- A17. Even when the modified opinion on the entity's complete set of financial statements, Emphasis of Matter paragraph or Other Matter paragraph does not relate to the audited financial statement or the audited element, the auditor may still deem it appropriate to refer to the modification in an Other Matter paragraph in an auditor's report on the financial statement or on the element because the auditor judges it to be relevant to the users' understanding of the audited financial statement or the audited element or the related auditor's report (see PSA 706 (Revised and Redrafted)).²²
- A18. In the auditor's report on an entity's complete set of financial statements, the expression of a disclaimer of opinion regarding the results of operations and cash flows, where relevant, and an unmodified opinion regarding the financial position is permitted since the disclaimer of opinion is being issued in respect of the results

²¹ PSA 700 (Redrafted), paragraph 13(e).

²² PSA 706 (Revised and Redrafted), "Emphasis of Matter Paragraphs and Other Matter Paragraphs in the Independent Auditor's Report," paragraph 6.

of operations and cash flows only and not in respect of the financial statements as a whole.²³

Acknowledgment

This PSA is based on International Standard on Auditing 805 (Revised and Redrafted), “Special Considerations—Audits of Single Financial Statements and Specific Elements, Accounts or Items of a Financial Statement” issued by the International Auditing and Assurance Standards Board.

There are no significant differences between this PSA 805 (Revised and Redrafted) and ISA 805 (Revised and Redrafted), except for the deletion of the references to “give a true and fair view” from paragraphs A8 and A9.

²³ PSA 510 (Redrafted), “Initial Audit Engagements – Opening Balances,” paragraph A8, and PSA 705 (Revised and Redrafted), paragraph A16.

Appendix 1

(Ref: Para. A3)

Examples of Specific Elements, Accounts or Items of a Financial Statement

- Accounts receivable, allowance for doubtful accounts receivable, inventory, the liability for accrued benefits of a private pension plan, the recorded value of identified intangible assets, or the liability for “incurred but not reported” claims in an insurance portfolio, including related notes.
- A schedule of externally managed assets and income of a private pension plan, including related notes.
- A schedule of net tangible assets, including related notes.
- A schedule of disbursements in relation to a lease property, including explanatory notes.
- A schedule of profit participation or employee bonuses, including explanatory notes.

Appendix 2

(Ref: Para. A16)

Illustrations of Auditors' Reports on a Single Financial Statement and on a Specific Element of a Financial Statement

- Illustration 1: An auditor's report on a single financial statement prepared in accordance with a general purpose framework (for purposes of this illustration, a fair presentation framework).
- Illustration 2: An auditor's report on a single financial statement prepared in accordance with a special purpose framework (for purposes of this illustration, a fair presentation framework).
- Illustration 3: An auditor's report on a specific element, account or item of a financial statement prepared in accordance with a special purpose framework (for purposes of this illustration, a compliance framework).

Illustration 1:

Circumstances include the following:

- **Audit of a balance sheet (i.e., a single financial statement).**
- **The balance sheet has been prepared by management of the entity in accordance with the requirements of the Financial Reporting Framework in Jurisdiction X relevant to preparing a balance sheet.**
- **The applicable financial reporting framework is a fair presentation framework designed to meet the common financial information needs of a wide range of users.**
- **The terms of the audit engagement reflect the description of management’s responsibility for the financial statements in PSA 210 (Redrafted).**
- **The auditor has determined that it is appropriate to use the phrase “presents fairly, in all material respects,” in the auditor’s opinion.**

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR’S REPORT

[Appropriate Addressee]

We have audited the accompanying balance sheet of ABC Company as at December 31, 20X1 and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (together “the financial statement”).

Management’s²⁴ Responsibility for the Financial Statement

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of this financial statement in accordance with those requirements of the Financial Reporting Framework in Jurisdiction X relevant to preparing such a financial statement; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statement that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor’s Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial statement based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Philippine Standards on Auditing. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statement is free from material misstatement.

²⁴ Or other term that is appropriate in the context of the legal framework in the particular jurisdiction.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statement. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statement, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statement in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control.²⁵ An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates, if any, made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statement.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statement presents fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of ABC Company as at December 31, 20X1 in accordance with those requirements of the Financial Reporting Framework in Jurisdiction X relevant to preparing such a financial statement.

[Auditor's signature]

[Date of the auditor's report]

[Auditor's address]

²⁵ In circumstances when the auditor also has responsibility to express an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control in conjunction with the audit of the financial statement, this sentence would be worded as follows: "In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statement in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances."

Illustration 2:

Circumstances include the following:

- **Audit of a statement of cash receipts and disbursements (i.e., a single financial statement).**
- **The financial statement has been prepared by management of the entity in accordance with the cash receipts and disbursements basis of accounting to respond to a request for cash flow information received from a creditor. Management has a choice of financial reporting frameworks.**
- **The applicable financial reporting framework is a fair presentation framework designed to meet the financial information needs of specific users.²⁶**
- **The auditor has determined that it is appropriate to use the phrase “presents fairly, in all material respects,” in the auditor’s opinion.**
- **Distribution or use of the auditor’s report is not restricted.**

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR’S REPORT

[Appropriate Addressee]

We have audited the accompanying statement of cash receipts and disbursements of ABC Company for the year ended December 31, 20X1 and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (together “the financial statement”). The financial statement has been prepared by management using the cash receipts and disbursements basis of accounting described in Note X.

Management’s²⁷ Responsibility for the Financial Statement

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of this financial statement in accordance with the cash receipts and disbursements basis of accounting described in Note X; this includes determining that the cash receipts and disbursements basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statement in the circumstances, and the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statement that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

²⁶ PSA 800 (Revised and Redrafted) contains requirements and guidance on the form and content of financial statements prepared in accordance with a special purpose framework.

²⁷ Or other term that is appropriate in the context of the legal framework in the particular jurisdiction.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial statement based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Philippine Standards on Auditing. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statement is free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statement. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statement, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statement in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates, if any, made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statement.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statement presents fairly, in all material respects, the cash receipts and disbursements of ABC Company for the year ended December 31, 20X1 in accordance with the cash receipts and disbursements basis of accounting described in Note X.

Basis of Accounting

Without modifying our opinion, we draw attention to Note X to the financial statement, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial statement is prepared to provide information to XYZ Creditor. As a result, the statement may not be suitable for another purpose.

[Auditor's signature]

[Date of the auditor's report]

[Auditor's address]

Illustration 3:

Circumstances include the following:

- **Audit of the liability for “incurred but not reported” claims in an insurance portfolio (i.e., element, account or item of a financial statement).**
- **The financial information has been prepared by management of the entity in accordance with the financial reporting provisions established by a regulator to meet the requirements of that regulator. Management does not have a choice of financial reporting frameworks.**
- **The applicable financial reporting framework is a compliance framework designed to meet the financial information needs of specific users.²⁸**
- **The terms of the audit engagement reflect the description of management’s responsibility for the financial statements in PSA 210 (Redrafted).**
- **Distribution of the auditor’s report is restricted.**

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR’S REPORT

[Appropriate Addressee]

We have audited the accompanying schedule of the liability for “incurred but not reported” claims of ABC Insurance Company as of December 31, 20X1 (“the schedule”). The schedule has been prepared by management based on [describe the financial reporting provisions established by the regulator].

Management’s²⁹ Responsibility for the Schedule

Management is responsible for the preparation of the schedule in accordance with [describe the financial reporting provisions established by the regulator]; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation of the schedule that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor’s Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the schedule based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Philippine Standards on Auditing. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the

²⁸ PSA 800 (Revised and Redrafted) contains requirements and guidance on the form and content of financial statements prepared in accordance with a special purpose framework.

²⁹ Or other term that is appropriate in the context of the legal framework in the particular jurisdiction.

audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the schedule is free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the schedule. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the schedule, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of the schedule in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the schedule.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial information in the schedule of the liability for "incurred but not reported" claims of ABC Insurance Company as of December 31, 20X1 is prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with [describe the financial reporting provisions established by the regulator].

Basis of Accounting and Restriction on Distribution

Without modifying our opinion, we draw attention to Note X to the schedule, which describes the basis of accounting. The schedule is prepared to assist ABC Insurance Company to meet the requirements of Regulator DEF. As a result, the schedule may not be suitable for another purpose. Our report is intended solely for ABC Insurance Company and Regulator DEF and should not be distributed to parties other than ABC Insurance Company or Regulator DEF.

[Auditor's signature]

[Date of the auditor's report]

[Auditor's address]

PSA 805 (Revised and Redrafted)

This PSA 805 (Revised and Redrafted), “Special Considerations—Audits of Single Financial Statements and Specific Elements, Accounts or Items of a Financial Statement,” was unanimously approved for adoption on May 25, 2009 by the members of the Auditing and Assurance Standards Council.

Benjamin R. Punongbayan, *Chairman*

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